

The 50 MHz DX Bulletin

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The 50 MHz DX Bulletin was founded by Harry Schools KA3B. It is dedicated to the understanding and utilization of long distance propagation in the 6-meter Amateur band. The current editor and publisher is Victor Frank, K6FV. Subscription rates are \$20 U.S. third class mail, \$25 U.S./Canada/Mexico airmail, \$25 by airmail elsewhere for 12 issues. Circulation matters and DX reports should be sent to 12450 Skyline Blvd., Woodside, CA 94062-4541 USA. If you can reach the Internet, my address there is frank@marie.sri.com; if you cannot, and have packet, try K6FV@N0ARY.#NOCAL.CA.USA.NA. The Bulletin may be freely quoted, provided that credit is given.

operated a tracking station there from 1957-62. The population in 1970 was 1239. Principal products are salt and Guano.

Peter's log shows 66 total contacts + beacon receptions starting on March 3 and ending March 21. In addition to North and South America, loggings were made of 5T5JC, ZD8VHF, EA8ACW, CT3FQ, and CT0WW.

Congratulations Peter on a FB job, and thanks for the logs, which we used extensively in this month's Bulletin.

PY0FM, Fernando de Noronha

Peter Zoch Sprengel, PY5CC, sent me the six meter logs and the photo below from his trip last March to Fernando de Noronha, where he operated as PY0FM.

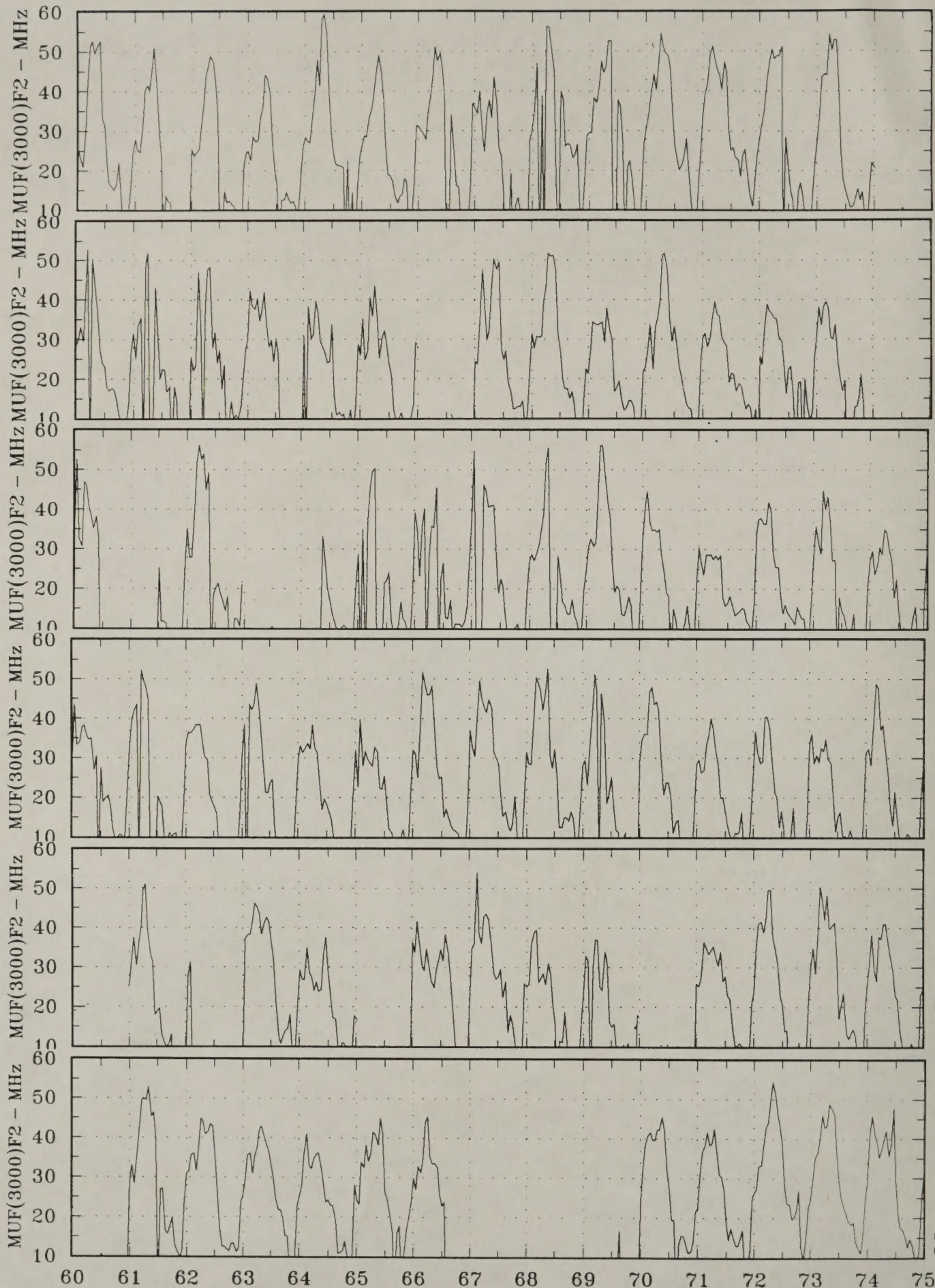
Fernando de Noronha (HI36sd) (a group of islands) is a federal territory of Brazil. The highest point on the main island is 332 m above sea level, and is located at 3°51'S 32°25'W, 362 km NE of Cabo de Sao Roque, Brazil.

The island is 11 mi long and 4 mi wide and is of volcanic origin, with a steep unprotected shoreline. It was used as a penal colony in the 18th century, and the Atlantic Missile Range

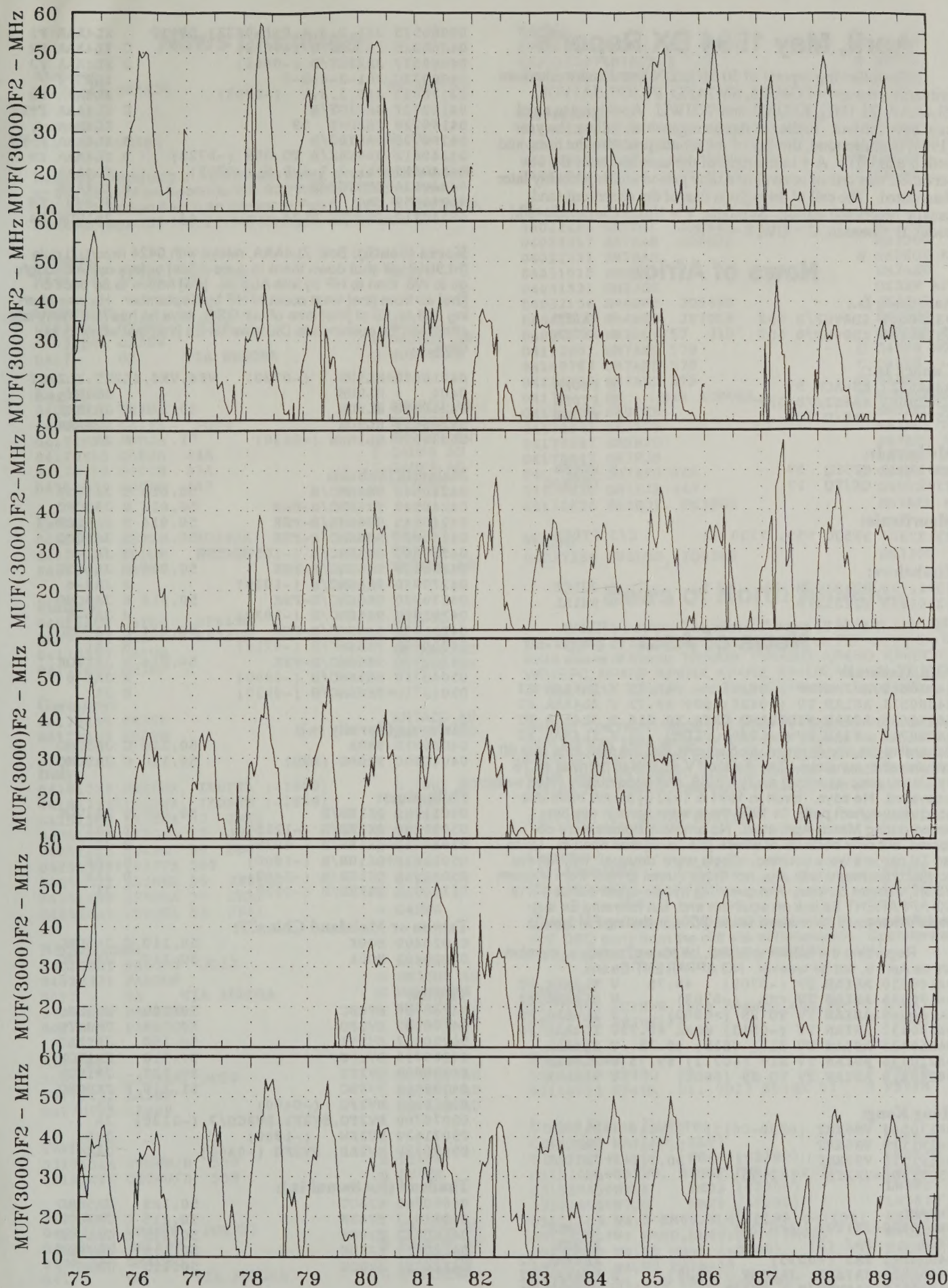
F2-layer MUFs, Oct 93-Mar 94

The plots on the following two pages show hourly 3000 km F2-layer MUFs over Taoyuan, Taiwan. They cover 15 days per page and are aligned vertically 30 days apart for ease in correlation with 27-28 day solar rotation. 4000 km MUFs are typically 10-15% higher, and thus six meters should have been open for 3000-4000 km (or longer) single-hop F2 paths whose ionospheric reflection point was over Taoyuan. Similar MUFs would be expected all along the +36° magnetic dip line; e.g., Hawaii, Panama, Canary Is., & Riyadh Saudi Arabia. A world map showing the magnetic equator, and locations of ±36° and ±76° magnetic dip appeared in our November 1992 Bulletin.





Oct 2-Oct 17 1993
Nov 1-Nov 16 1993
Dec 1-Dec 16 1993
Jan 0-Jan 15 1994
Jan 30-Feb 14 1994
Mar 1-Mar 16 1994



3000 km F2-layer MUFs over Taoyuan, Taiwan Fall 1993 - Winter 1994

April, May 1994 DX Reports

The following reports of 50 MHz DX heard and worked are primarily courtesy of G4UPS, SM7AED, PY5CC, JA1VOK, ZL4AAA, ZL1MQ, K6QXY, and W3IWU. Apologies to any I may have left out. In the tabular listings which follow, the year (1994) is understood, the day of the month precedes the time, and both are in UTC. A + to the right of the time indicates the observation was one of several in a time period and is probably later than stated. The call at the right is that of the observing (and usually reporting) station. Symbols, V = Video Carrier, F = FM audio, B = beacon, C = CW, S = SSB.

News of Africa

Ascension Is.:

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----|---|-------|
| 03120001 | ZD8VHF/B | 559 | B | PY0FM |
| 03181420 | ZD8VHF/B | 559 | B | PY0FM |

Canary Is.:

| | | | | |
|----------|-----------|-----|-------|-------|
| 03040112 | EH8ACW | 59 | S | PY0FM |
| 03120006 | EA8SIX/B | 519 | B | PY0FM |
| 0517 | EA8/DJ30S | | K1JRW | |

Madeira Is:

| | | | | |
|----------|-------|----|--------|-------|
| 03030039 | CT3FQ | 59 | S | PY0FM |
| 0305 | CT3FQ | 59 | LW5EJU | |

Mauritania:

| | | | | | |
|----------|-------|-----------|----|-----|-------|
| 03132307 | 5T5JC | 559, 2330 | 52 | C/S | PY0FM |
|----------|-------|-----------|----|-----|-------|

Zimbabwe:

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|--|---|-------|
| 03041825 | Z21SIX/B | | B | 9H5EE |
| 03161650 | Z21SIX/B | | B | 9H1AL |

News of Asia

Asia, General:

04050608 ASIAN TV (-0615) 49.75 V ZL4AAA F2
 04060511 ASIAN TV (>0625) S9+ 49.75 V ZL4AAA F2
 04060635 ASIAN WIDEBAND DATA 50.016 D ZL4AAA F2
 04090715 ASIAN TV (-1045) VIDEO V ZL4AAA F2
 Regarding the above report, Bob reports that the start time was 80 minutes after sundown. The Asiatic TV signals of nominal 49.75 frequency were as strong as 20 dB/S9, and good quality video was recovered. He says, "Even in 1991 & 1992 [I] did not have this good after-sunset path. In 1993 there were none in this time period during March-April at all. No amateur signals were observed, but only because of where [the band] was open to. Up to ten TV carriers were counted, offsets were 'unusual'; i.e., not the normal ones heard with JAs, nor those I used to hear from western USSR, eastern Europe. Am guessing middle-upper zones 17,18. NO APPARENT Es link on southern end, but following Es suggests there could have been some. [VK4, including FM band].

Regarding the following report, he states "mostly same carriers as April 9, but far weaker. NO APPARENT Es link.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|---------------|--------|---|--------|----|
| 04100620 | ASIAN TV | (-0709) | 49.75 | V | ZL4AAA | F2 |
| 04170645 | ASIAN TV | <S3 (-0703) | | V | ZL4AAA | F2 |
| 04180649 | ASIAN TV | TO 25 (>0800) | | V | ZL4AAA | F2 |
| 04190432 | ASIAN TV | (-0515) WEAK | 49.75V | | ZL4AAA | F2 |
| 04210432 | ASIAN TV | S1 (-0515) | 49.75 | V | ZL4AAA | |
| 04210634 | ASIAN TV | S1+ (-0713) | 49.75 | V | ZL4AAA | |
| 04240410 | ASIAN TV | TO S9 (0801) | | V | ZL4AAA | |

Hong Kong:

| | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------------|--------|--|--------|
| 04170544 | VS6XMT | (0530-0615) | 50.110 | | JA1VOK |
| 04191110 | VS6XMT | | 50.110 | | JA5CMO |
| 04191112 | VS6XMT | | 50.110 | | JA1VOK |
| 05071700+VR2IH | | (<1130) | | | JA |

Japan:

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------|--|---|-----------|
| 04010620+JK1TVI | | (<0720) | | | ZL2AGI |
| 0404 | JA2 (3) | | | | ZL3TY |
| 04050523 | JA3 (-0535) | | | | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04050523 | JA7ZMA, JA2IGY | (-0535) | | B | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04060513 | JA6YBR/B | (-0643) | | B | ZL4AAA F2 |

| | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|---|-------------|
| 04060525 | JA1,2,3,4,9 (-0632) | 59+10 | | | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04060525 | JS3UWJ/M (-0632) | | | C | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04060527 | JA2IGY/B (-0648) | | | B | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04090720 | JA1-2-4-5-9 | | | | ZL2TPY |
| 04170653 | JA1,2,3,7 (-0703) | | | | ZL4AAA F2 |
| 04180727 | JA2IGY/B | | | B | ZL4AAA F+ES |
| 04180728 | JE2DWZ | 59 | | | ZL4AAA |
| 04180732 | JA6YBR/B | | | B | ZL4AAA F+ES |
| 04240612 | JA6YBR/B TO | 559 (-0723) | | B | ZL4AAA ES |
| 04240613 | JA1,2,3,4,5,6 (-0705) | | | | ZL4AAA |
| 04240630 | JA2IGY/B | | | B | ZL4AAA |
| 04240659 | JA6 | | | | HL9UH ES |
| 05140210 | JS6MBK PL24 | | 144 | | JA1VOK Es |

Korea (South): Bob, ZL4AAA, relays with 0424 report, "Louis [HL9UH] will shut down there in June if [his] orders come through; go to W6, then to HP by late August. [He] hopes to be back on [the] air from [the] west coast of HP by September. He was hearing JA6 on Es at [the] time of our QSO, says he has had many late afternoon Es openings to Okinawa on Es [the] last week to ten days."

| | | | | |
|----------------|--------|---------|--------|-------------------------|
| 04010620+HL9UH | | (-0720) | | VK4, VK8, ZL2KT, ZL2AGI |
| 0404 | HL9UH | | | ZL3TY |
| 04210818 | HL9UH | | 50.110 | C JA9BHZ |
| 04240659 | HL9UH | | | ZL4AAA |
| 05030050 | HL1MNN | (-0130) | 51. | F JA |

Malaysia (Sabah):

| | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-----|--------|---|--------|
| 04240540 | 9M6SMC/B | | 50.014 | B | JA1VOK |
| 04240540 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA5CMO |
| 04240545 | 9M6SMB/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA1VOK |
| 04240910 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA5CMO |
| 04250800 | 9M6SMC/B (-1050) | 599 | | B | JA1-6 |
| 04250830 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA1VOK |
| 04270930 | 9M6SMC/B (-1030) | | | B | JA5-6 |
| 04270930 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA5CMO |
| 04291000 | 9M6SMC/B (-1030) | | | B | JA5-6 |
| 04291000 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA5CMO |
| 04300700 | 9M6SMC/B (-0710) | | | B | JA1 |
| 04300700 | 9M6SMC/B-FSK | | 50.014 | B | JA1VOK |
| 05040710 | 9M6SMC/B (-0900) | | | B | JA1-6 |
| 05040710+9M6SMC/B | (-0920) | | | B | JA |

Malaysia (Spratly Is.):

| | | | | | |
|----------|-------------|--|--------|---|--------|
| 04030915 | 9M0A | | 50.110 | C | JA5CMO |
| 04040800 | 9M0AG (HRD) | | 50.110 | C | JA5CMO |

Philippines:

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--|--------|---|--------|
| 05031200 | DX1HB/B | | 50.008 | B | JA1VOK |
| 05031200 | DX1HB/B (-1215) | | | B | JA1 |
| 05040710+DX1HB/B | (-0920) | | | B | JA |
| 05071630+DX1HB/B | (-1800) | | | B | JR6 |
| 05072310 | DX1HB/B (-2400) | | | B | JA5 |
| 05100715 | DX1HB/B (-0930) | | | B | JA |

Taiwan or Mainland China??:

| | | | | | |
|----------|------|--|--------|---|--------|
| 04020400 | BOOK | | 50.110 | C | JA5CMO |
| 04020403 | BOOK | | 50.110 | | JA3JTG |

Taiwan:

| | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|---------|--------|---|--------|
| 04160750 | BV8BC | | 50.100 | | JA5CMO |
| 04170950 | BV2FG | | 50.109 | | JA3JTG |
| 04220937 | BV2FI | | 50.150 | | JA9BHZ |
| 04300730 | BV2FG | | 50.110 | | JA1VOK |
| 04300809 | BV2FI | | 50.120 | | JA1VOK |
| 04302050 | BV8BC | | 51.110 | F | JA5CMO |
| 05070330 | BV2FG (-0400) | | | | JA |
| 05070700 | BV2FG, BV2FI, BV2CD/7 | (-1130) | | | JA |
| 05071630 | BV2KW (-1800) | | | | JR6 |
| 05080330 | BV2AP, BV2FG | (-0400) | | | JA |

Thailand (Ko Samui Is.):

| | | | | | |
|----------|-------|--|--------|---|--------|
| 04090940 | E28UT | | 50.125 | | JA5CMO |
| 04091017 | E28DX | | 50.115 | C | JA3JTG |
| 04100843 | E28DX | | 50.115 | C | JA1VOK |
| 04120655 | E28DX | | 50.115 | C | JA9BHZ |
| 04120751 | E28DX | | 50.115 | | JA3JTG |

News of Europe

Austria:

04170644 OE5XBL

SM7AED AU

Azores:

0517 CU1EZ

K1JRW

Belarus: According to April 94 *Six News*, a new station to look for this summer on Sporadic-E is RC2WBH in KO45in. Arne, SM7AED, worked him in an aurora on Feb 6. QSL: V. Shchedko, Molodezhnaya 165-143, 211440 Novopolotsk, Belarus, CIS.

Croatia:

04251331 9A3HZ 599 JN86

C G4UPS

Denmark:

04031519 OZ3ZW JO54

SM3JGG

04031544 OZ3ZW

S SM3EQY AU

0417 OZ VIA AURORA

G NORTHERN

England:

04022325 G4IFX

S SM3EQY AU

04022345 G4IFX IO94

SM3JGG

04170655 G0DJA

SM7AED AU

04170655 G0DJA 44A

C G4UPS AU

04170758 G0CCH 33A

C G4UPS AU

04251230 G4UPS 449

C IK2GSO

Estonia:

04021554 ES1CW KO29HK

SM3JGG

04032137 ES1CW KO29HK

SM3JGG

04170637 ES5MC

SM7AED AU

Finland:

04051408 OH1KH KP01TN

SM3JGG

04091907 OH3MF/9 KP36UN

SM3JGG

04170535 OH1VR

SM7AED AU

04170600 OH3MF

SM7AED AU

Germany:

04170635 DK2ZF

SM7AED AU

04170659 DL8PM

SM7AED AU

Italy:

04181733 IK3IWX, IK0FTA (-1800)

G (NW) NOTES

04181733+IK0RWX, IK0SME (-1800)

G (NW)

04251250 IK2QDX 57 JN45

S G4UPS

04251254 IK2GSO 55 JN45

S G4UPS

04251259 I2WSG 59 JN45

S G4UPS

04251300+IK0FTA 559

C G4UPS

04251322 IK0RWX 55 JN61GQ

S G4UPS

04251359 IK50EA 57 JN52

S G4UPS

04251439 IK0OKY 59 JN61

S G4UPS

Netherlands:

04022301 PA0OOS JO33

SM3JGG

04022331 PA0OOS

S SM3EQY AU

0417 PA VIA AURORA

G NORTHERN

04170530 PA0RDY

SM7AED AU

04170707 PA0LOU

SM7AED AU

Norway:

0407 LA5SAA JO29

S SM3EQY AU

04170822 LA3DV

SM7AED AU

04170825 LA8BP

SM7AED AU

Portugal:

03171524 CT0WW/B 559

B PY0FM

03181415 CT0WW/B 559

B PY0FM

Scotland:

04022154 GM4ODM IO87XI

SM3JGG AU

04022228 GM1IPK

S SM3EQY AU

04031515 GM4OBD

OZ3ZW AU

0417 GM VIA AURORA

G NORTHERN

Serbia:

04251338 YU1NW 57 KN04

S G4UPS

04251339+4N1SIX/B 579

B G4UPS

04251352 YU1ABA 559

C G4UPS

Slovenia:

04251329 S57A 599 (EX S57AM)

C G4UPS

04251330+S55ZRS/B 579

B G4UPS

04251336 S59F 57 JN65

S G4UPS

04251344 S57AC 579 & 59

C G4UPS

Sweden:

04022202 SM5DIC JO89JT

SM3JGG

04022317 SM7BAE JO65OP

SM3JGG

04022321 SM7BAE

S SM3EQY AU

04031515 SM4OBD

SM7AED

04031521 SM3JGG

OZ3ZW AU

04032154 SM6DWF JO66HR

SM3JGG

04041500 SM4BRD JP70LW

SM3JGG

04082130 SM3EQY 57 315°

SM7AED EBS

04110801 SM7AED 579

C G4UPS NOTES

04140754 SM7AED 579

C G4UPS

04150756 SM7AED 579

C G4UPS

0417 SM VIA AURORA

G NORTHERN

04170638 SM0CKR

SM7AED AU

04170643 SM7FJE

PA3RDY AU

04170647 SM3BIU

SM7AED AU

04170647 SM7FJE

9A3HZ AU

04170805 SM7AED 55A

C G4UPS AU

04170815 SM7FJE 449

C G4UPS

04170826 SM3EQY, SM3JGG

SM7AED AU

Wales:

04022254 GW3LDH IO83MB

SM3JGG

News of North America

W3EP's column. **The World Above 50 MHz** in June *QST* lists logging by Nester, LW5EJU in GF05, on TEP during the first three weeks of March: TI2NA/B, YV4AB/B, KP4SQ, KP4EOR, WP4EPC, NP4NP, KP4HX, KP4RE, KP4UK, V44KA1, YS1ECB, ZF1EJ, XE1J, TG9AJR, and TI4JHQ (+stations listed below).

Belize: The report below and three TV reception reports came from the May 1994 edition of *VHF-UHF Digest*, the Official Publication of the Worldwide TV-FM DX Association which I mentioned in the March 94 Bulletin. The first observer is Matt Sittel in Tallahassee, FL. The TV observer is William Draeb of Kewaunee, WI.

04072301 V3 RADIO BELIZE 91.1 F SITTLE, FL

Canada:

05111500+VE6 (-2200)

K6QXY

05120000+VE7 (-0400)

K6QXY

Cuba: A little late, but CO0FRC is planning to operate the June VHF QSO party from the cliff site at Bellemonte. Operators will be CO2JA, CO2KG, CO2PL, CO2OJ, CO2KK.

Mexico:

05121650 XE2HNB sez beacon not op

K6QXY

05121735 XE2UZL/B

B K6QXY

Puerto Rico:

03132355 KP4SQ 52

S PY0FM

03140024 KP4UK 51, 0027 KP4HX 51

S PY0FM

United States, Eastern:

03152055 WA4LOX EL87

LW5EJU

03152055+K1TOL FN44 (<2200)

LW5EJU

03152055+W3IWU, W3GUF FN20 (<2200)

LW5EJU

03152055+N2WK FN03 (<2200)

LW5EJU

03152055+W3JO FM29 (<2200)

LW5EJU

05111500 W4,5 EM60,EL40,DL98 (-2200)

K6QXY

05120000+W4 EM60,EL49,EM84,FM02,

K6QXY

05130000 W4,W5 weak (-0100)

K6QXY

05131500 W4,W3 FM18-19

K6QXY

05182000 W1,3,5 FN11 (-2100)

K6QXY

05182049 K1JRW

K6QXY

United States, Central:

02190005+KACV CH2 (TX) 54-60 MHZ T DRAEB, WI
 02190005+KAMR CH4 (TX) 66-72 MHZ T DRAEB, WI
 02190005+KFDX CH3 (TX) 60-66 MHZ T DRAEB, WI
 04270140 W0,5,7,LA (EM31) (-0200) K6QXY
 04301725 W5,0 (-1830) K6QXY
 05111500+W0,7 (-2200) K6QXY
 05120000+W5 EM64,EM73 (-0400) K6QXY
 05131500 NOLL/B, W0 B K6QXY
 05171500+W5,DM31, DM84 (-1600) K6QXY
 05190300 W5, OKLA K6QXY

United States, Western:

05171500 W7US/B, W7SKC/B (-1600) B K6QXY

News of Oceania**Australia, General:**

04092158 VK PAGERS (-2315) 148 MHZ ZL4AAA ES
 04170727 VK PAGERS 148 MHZ ZL3TY AU

Australia, New South Wales (VK2):

0404 VK2 (3) ZL3TY
 04040003 VK2 (-0040) ZL4AAA ES
 04041022 VK2 (-1035) ZL4AAA ES
 04090546 VK2ZXC 50.125 JA1VOK
 04090600 VK2ZXC 50.125 JE1CCD
 04090636 VK2QF 50.110 C JH1WHS
 04090703 VK2QF 50.110 C JA9BHZ
 04092100 VK2ANS ZL1MQ
 04092202 VK2 (N) (-2235) 144.1 S ZL4AAA ES
 04100009 VK2 (-0148) WEAK ZL4AAA ES
 04102255 VK2BA (-2330) ZL4AAA ES
 04110046 VK2GLS, VK2 (-0130) ZL4AAA ES
 04170217 VK2GLS (-0230) ZL4AAA ES
 04170704 VK2ANS 50.125 JA1VOK
 04170900 VK2,3,5 AU (SOME 144) VK4 AU
 04172310 VK2 (N) + VK4(>0100) ZL4AAA ES

Australia, Victoria (VK3):

04050951+VK3ALM,VK3CNX 50.130 JA3JTG
 04092245 VK3 FM (-2340) 105 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04170710 VK3DUT ZL3TY AU
 04180915 VK3DUT 50.125 JA5CMO
 04190733 VK3DUT 50.110 JH1WHS

Australia, Queensland (VK4):

04010133 VK4RGG/B (-0236) B ZL4AAA ES
 04010529 VK4RGG/B (-0533) B ZL4AAA ES
 04031933 VK4RGG/B (-1950) B ZL4AAA ES
 04031935 VK4 (-1948) TO 104.5 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 0404 VK4 ZL2TPY
 04040654 VK4IAM 50.150 JH1WHS
 04040700 VK4APG 50.180 JA3JTG
 04040704 VK4TL 50.140 JA3JTG
 04040711 VK4CRT 50.150 JA3JTG
 04040725 VK4LR 50.110 JA3JTG
 04040727 VK4STS 50.150 JH1WHS
 04040730 VK4YAR 50.130 JA3JTG
 04040736 VK4PU 50.120 JA3JTG
 04041009 VK4RGG/B (-1101) B ZL4AAA ES
 04042108 VK4RGG/B (>0055) B ZL4AAA ES
 04050207 VK4 (-0215) ZL4AAA ES
 04050511 VK4AFL 50.110 JA3JTG
 04050629 VK4SIX 50.140 JA3JTG
 04082236 VK4RGG/B (>2250) B ZL4AAA ES
 04090339 VK4RGG/B (-0345) B ZL4AAA ES
 04090641 VK4WTN 50.150 JH1WHS
 04090717 VK4JH 50.130 JH1WHS
 04091215 VK4RGG/B B ZL4AAA ES
 04092010 VK4 (-2340) TO 88.7 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04092010-VK4RGG/B (-2320) B ZL4AAA ES
 04092100 VK4AFL ZL1MQ
 04092100-VK4KK, VK4APG ZL3NE
 04092141 VK4 FM TO 107.7 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04092202 VK4 (S) (-2235) 144.1 S ZL4AAA ES
 04110506 VK4AFL 50.110 JH1WHS
 04110515 VK4RO 50.130 JH1WHS
 04121113 VK4RGG/B (-1219) B ZL4AAA ES
 04162157 VK4RGG/B (>2206) B ZL4AAA ES

04162213+VK4 ZL4AAA ES
 04170631+VK4PU,VK4IAM 50.140/145 JA1VOK
 04170842-VK4 VK2-3-5 AU
 04172105 VK4RGG/B (-0123) ZL4AAA ES
 04172231 VK4 (-0120) TO 89.3 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04172248 VK4, VK2 TO 107.7 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04172259 VK4 S5 (-2304) 144 MHZ ZL4AAA ES
 ZL4AAA writes (of April 17) that "JA1VOK reported VS6, VK6 0530-0615; then VK4s including MUFs to past 52 MHz starting around 0620. Also, VK4s reported aurora on this date 0900 to perhaps 1400 to VK2,3,5 including some 144 MHz contacts. WWWH reported a K index of 6 at 0600. Worked two VK4s on 144 MHz Es with signals peaking S5; distances around 1300 miles."

04180649-VK4RGG/B + VK4 (>0800) ZL4AAA ES
 04180930 VK4KK 50.110 JA5CMO
 04190650 VK4ZAA 50.130 JH1WHS
 04190708 VK4GMH 50.105 JE1CCD
 04191023 VK4ZJR 50.140 JH1WHS
 04191112 VK4FP 50.150 JA1VOK
 04200911 VK4RGG/B (-1212) B ZL4AAA ES
 04201121 VK4 (S) (-1123) TO 89.3 MHZ F ZL4AAA ES
 04240412 VK4RGG/B (-0419) B ZL4AAA ES
 04302325 VK4RGG/B (-2329) MS-RELATED ZL4AAA ES

Australia, South (VK5):

04040003 VK5 (-0040) ZL4AAA ES
 04090700 VK5BC 50.105 C JH1WHS
 04100009 VK5BC (-0148) WEAK ZL4AAA ES
 04102255 VK5BC (-2330) ZL4AAA ES
 04102255+VK5ARK (-2330) ZL4AAA ES
 04170842 VK5NY ZL3TY AU
 05100715+VK5ZBK (-0930) JA

Australia, West (VK6):

04090620 VK6RJ 50.110 C JH1WHS
 04170556 VK6JJ 50.140 JA1VOK
 04170609 VK6AKT 50.150 JA1VOK

Australia, Tasmania (VK7):

04170520+VK7RNW/B (-0850) 50.057 B ZL3TY AU

Australia, North Territory (VK8):

05100715+VK8VFB (-0930) B JA

French Oceania:

04150817 FO3BM (HRD) 50.110 C JR6HI

Hawaii:

05091500 KH6HME/B (-100300) 144.07 B K6QXY TROP
 05132018 KH6HME/B (-2030) B K6QXY Es

Johnston Is.: see Beacon News.

New Caledonia: ZL4AAA writes (of the report below), "FM band Es to FK8 in and out to 89.3 MHz; signals off path by 40° (270° vs 310°), badly distorted (identical to FM multipath)."

04042148 FK8 (-2222) TO 89.3 MHZ F ZL4AAA Es
 04102030 FK1UH ZL1MQ

New Zealand: Bob, ZL4AAA, summarizes the month of April 1994 from northern New Zealand: "DX Heard/Worked: JA1,2,3, 4,5,6,7,9; VK2,3,4,5; ZL3; HL9. 50 MHz F-layer dates: 5,6,17,18, 24. 49.75 MHz F-layer withOUT amateur signals: 9,10,19,21. 50 MHz Es dates: 1,3,4,5,8,9,10,11,12,16,17,18,20,24,30. 88MHz + FM Es dates: 3,4,9,17,18,20. 144 MHz Es dates: 9,17. This report covers a quite incredible amount of Es for the month of April (October equivalent in northern hemisphere). If I also included Australian 46.170 and 46.239, that did NOT make it to 50 MHz, the number of hours would more than triple! I will be interested to see if those in northern hemisphere observed a higher percentage of Es time than 'normal' for April as well, and if any of the dates 'match' between the two. 144 MHz Es openings are extremely rare in April (October) as well, indicating not only an enhanced volume of Es, but enhanced MUFs as well. One date would be unusual; two quite incredible when you consider my Es 'target' is essentially only VK1-5 covering around 70° of my azimuth and then only between 1250 and 1500 miles out."

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| 0404 | ZL2KT, ZL2TPY | | JA5CMO |
| 04040740 | ZL3NW | 50.110 | JA5CMO |
| 04040750+ZL3TIC, ZL3ADT, ZL2UCG | 50.120 | JA5CMO | |
| 04050520 | ZL4AAA | 50.110 | JA3JTG |
| 04090556 | ZL2TPY | 50.110 | JA9BHZ |
| 04090601+ZL2KO, ZL2TPY | 50.110/125 | JH1WHS | |
| 04092100-ZL1ADP | | VK4AFL | |
| 04092100-ZL3NE | | VK2NZ | |
| 04101931-ZL3MHF/B (-1954) | | B ZL4AAA ES | |
| 04101947 | ZL2AQR/3 | | ZL4AAA ES |
| 04102330 | ZL1ADP | | VK2BA |
| 0416 | ZL3TY | | VK2GLS |
| 04170520 | ZL VIDEO WEAK, FLUTTR | 45.25 V | ZL3TY AU |
| 04170520+ZL3TIC, ZL2AQR, ZL3AAU | | | ZL3TY AU |
| 04170654 | ZL4AAA | 50.105 | JA1VOK |
| 04240620 | ZL4AAA | 50.110 C | JA3JTG |
| 04240645 | ZL4AAA | 50.110 | JA5CMO |

Papua/New Guinea:

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|----------|-------|--------|--------|
| 04200856 | P29CW | 50.115 | JH1WHS |
|----------|-------|--------|--------|

Tonga:

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|----------|-------|----------|--------|
| 04130545 | A35MW | 50.110 C | JA1ELY |
| 04210620 | A35MW | 50.110 | JA3JTG |
| 04210629 | A35MW | 50.109 | JA9BHZ |

News of South America

Argentina:

| | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| 03030038 | LU1FA | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03030038 | LU9FWS | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03030039 | LU4DFZ | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03030039 | LU8EEM | 59, LU8ALO | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03030040 | LU2EIO | 59, LU1BAO | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03030040 | LW4DIR | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03042022 | LU3EMK/B | 559 | B PY0FM |
| 03070016 | LU8DIO | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070021 | LU1FA | 53 | S PY0FM |
| 03070025 | AZ3FAF | 51 | S PY0FM |
| 03070035 | LU8EWD | 59, 0036 LU8DCH | 53 S PY0FM |
| 03070037 | LW5EJU | 59, 0039 LU6HFQ | 51 S PY0FM |
| 03070041 | LU2FCW | 59, 0117 LU6ARR | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03070120 | LU6DLB | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070125 | LU1DMA | 59, 0125 LU4DMX | 51 S PY0FM |
| 03070130 | LW2ELA | 51, 0132 LW6EUQ | 51 S PY0FM |
| 03151855 | LU8EEM | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03211900 | LU3EMK/B | 599 | B PY0FM |
| 03211924 | LW5EJU | 59, 1926 LU8AHW | 55 S PY0FM |
| 03211927 | LU1DMA | 59 | S PY0FM |

Brazil: LW5EJU in GF05 reports PU2PFM, PY2EAT, PY2DJC, PY2BKM, PY2XB, and PY0FM on TEP during the first three weeks of March.

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|----------|--------|---------------------|-------------|
| 03030038 | PP5BC | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03030040 | PY1QP | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03040030 | PY2DWP | 59, 0034 PY5ZAH | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03040037 | PY2BYT | 59, 0039 PY2XB | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03040054 | PY2BW | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03040115 | PU2UDE | 59, 0118 PY5AQ | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03070007 | PP5BC | 59, 0008 PY2XB | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03070011 | PY2NFE | 59/599 | S/C PY0FM |
| 03070018 | PY2EAT | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070032 | PY2DGK | 52 | S PY0FM |
| 03070123 | PY5ZAH | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070204 | PU3WPA | 55 | S PY0FM |
| 03090136 | PY2BQM | 59, 0143 PY5AQ | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03132038 | PP5JD | 559, 2304 PY5ZBU | 59 CS PY0FM |
| 03132356 | PY2DSC | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03140047 | PY2XB | 59, 0049 PY1QP | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03140102 | PY2XW | 599, 0147 PY5BAZ | 559 C PY0FM |
| 03140150 | PY2VA | 59, 0200 PY3RBY/PY2 | S PY0FM |
| 03140212 | PY2BQM | 59, 0222 PY2ANE | 55 S PY0FM |
| 03211954 | PP5BC | 59 | S PY0FM |

French Guiana:

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|----------|----------|-----|---------|
| 03140207 | FY7THF/B | 519 | B PY0FM |
|----------|----------|-----|---------|

Paraguay:

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|----------|-------|----|---------|
| 03030038 | ZP5PT | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03040015 | ZP5PT | 59 | S PY0FM |

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|----------|--------|-----------------|--------------|
| 03040025 | ZP5ZR | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070032 | ZP5ZR | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03131935 | ZP5PT | 59, 1936 ZP5YW | 59 S PY0FM |
| 03132329 | ZP5ZR | 59, 2336 | 59 S/F PY0FM |
| 03140028 | ZP5JCY | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03190227 | ZP5YW | 59, 0230 ZP5FGS | 57 S PY0FM |

Uruguay:

| | | | |
|----------|----------|-----|---------|
| 03030038 | CX8BE | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03030039 | CX1TAD | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03042023 | CX1CCC/B | 559 | B PY0FM |
| 03070015 | CX6DH | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03070022 | CX1TAD | 59 | S PY0FM |
| 03151800 | CX1CCC/B | 559 | B PY0FM |

Beacon News

K6QXY reports hearing a new beacon, W0MTK/B, in DM59 on 50.064 MHz and writes, "UTAH?", but the only city with six meter action that I know of in that grid square is Grand Junction, CO. We in CA could only **hope** for beacons in the wide-open spaces of NV, UT, WY, ID, & MT.

Argentina: Two beacons in GF05, LU3EMK on 50.082, and LU8DCH on 50.0835, both running 1W. Tnx LW5EJU via June's **World Above 50 MHz**.

California: Joe Lynch reports in **VHF Plus** in *CQ* magazine that KB6BKN in Novato, CM88, is running a beacon on 50.0628 daily from 4 AM to 9:30 AM local time (presently 1100-1630UTC).

Johnston Is.: Ted, NH6YK, e-mails: "I talked with Richard Giles KH3AF the other day, and in amongst our talking about satellites, I asked about 6M. (having worked him on RS10, I figure that maybe I can get him on 10M/6M and maybe we can start investigating 2M :-). (I haven't mentioned 2M to him yet))--his reply, the 6M beacon on Johnston was taken off the air due to interference to other radios on the island. However, those radios will be undergoing a shift in frequency in the near future and the beacon will be back on the air soon after. He noted that they have a 12element antenna for 6 on the island, and that as soon as he gets the satellite station up and going, 6 will get some attention also."

Japan (Okinawa): JA1VOK writes that JR6YAG was re-installed on 50.037 in PL36 with 8W output and 5/8 wavelength vertical on April 17. SWL reports should be sent to Ken, JR6HI.

Malaysia (Sabah): JA1VOK reports that the 9M6SMC beacon (donated by G4SMC) has been on the air on 50.014 MHz with FSK from OJ85ax and has been heard frequently in JA since April 24.

Philippines: JA1VOK reports the DX1HB/B back on the air on 50.008 on April 29 by KB6VAT's re-arrangement since off the air last December.

TV Station List

The reference **44-108 MHz TV Stations Worldwide**, in ZL4AAA's article (Feb 94 Bulletin), is no longer available from Gunter Lorenz. There is a new Edition 2.0 August 1993 available for DM 12.50 from Hans-Jürgen Kuhlo, UKW-TV-Arbeitskreis, Im Strehling 8, D-64342 Seeheim-Jugenheim, GERMANY.

He requested that I send IRC or German stamps or ask my bank to send the money to Postal Giro Account 201100-466 (bank code Germany 440 10046) Postgiro omt Dortmund. He did not know if this was an International Postal Money Order or not.

My credit union knew nothing about bank transfers, and even wanted \$50 to cash a Canadian check made out in U.S. dollars. (They want \$10 to cash a Canadian check made out in

Canadian dollars.) Our post office wants \$7.50 + the face value for an International Postal Money Order in U.S. dollars which would be sent out in a week from St. Louis. Fortunately American Express was able to supply me with a couple DM 10 notes (for about \$13), and I mailed them to him.

I now see why some of our overseas subscribers are renewing with "green stamps." I wonder how much of a cut the overseas banks and post offices want on their end?

DX-pedition News

C.I.S.: Received from JA1VOK too late for last months bulletin, "The Club Station of the Friendship Amateur Radio Society of Khabarovsk RZ0CZZ or new callsign in Khabarovsk (grid:PN78) will be activated again on 50.115/50.120 split (calling frequency 5 kHz up) with FT-650 & 6el beam supported by JA1UT, JH0PCO, JR0BQT & JR0CGJ on June 4-9. Multi-hop E skip propagation to N. America or Europe can be tried. Satellite also can be operated. QSL via JR0CGJ.

England: If you still need IO66 on 50 MHz, a group of Worked All Britain ops (WAB) will activate this grid square along with IO67 and IO77, between June 10 and 24. The days for IO66 are June 12 and 24. Operators are G7BXA, G7HSB, G7DKX, and G0NES. Tnx G0JHC via SM7AED.

Estonia: Arne, SM7AED, reports that ES5MC and others will most probably activate KO07, Saaremaa Island, the last 3-5 days of July. (From SM0KAK).

Norway: The first week in July LA5EDA/p will be QRV from grid square JP55. Tnx SM7AED. QSL to Roar Jegtvolden, Asliv 22, N-3525 Hallingby, Norway.

Jan Mayen: Per-Einar, LA7DFA, will be QRV on 50 MHz as JX7DFA from the end of June 1994 to April 1995. He is mostly on 144 MHz, but will try 6M with FT736, 10W, and a dipole.

Canada: Grid square hunters may be interested in N5EPA's radio vacation, starting on June 13, to DN97, DN87, DN88, DN98, DN89, DN79, DN69, DN59, DO60, DO50, DO41, DO31, DO21, DO11, DO12, DO02, DO03, DO02, DO01, DO11, DO10, and DO20. He will operate 50.130 or higher and will be running 80 W to a vertical whip when in motion and a 5el Yagi when stationary.

EME News

K6QXY writes that W7FH just got on 6m EME with 4 6el Yagis Az/El, and 1 KW. He worked Bob May 19 at 0230-0234 and then K6MYC also.

Equipment News

Owners of Kenwood TS-690S transceivers may be interested in **Hints and Kinks** in June 1994 *QST*, in which W1JA makes public the bias problem in the TS-690S's driver. Readers may find the editorial comment afterwards revealing: "QST's TS-450S/TS-690S Product Review (April 1992, pages 67-71) found no trace of such 6-m SSB distortion in the TS-690S tested. To paraphrase the old saying, if your particular radio ain't broke, don't fix it." Could Kenwood have sent them a "doctored" rig?

Scientists in and around 6m

Here are a couple experiments that appeared in recent literature. The first appeared in *Radio Science*, Vol. 28, #6 (Nov-Dec 1993), pp 959-978. It is titled "A 50 MHz radio Doppler experiment for midlatitude E region coherent backscatter studies: System description and first results" and was written by C. Hadoupis of the Physics Dept., Univ. of Crete, Iraklion, Crete, Greece and K. Schlegel of Max-Planck-Institute für Aeronomie, Katlenburg-Lindau, Germany.

The transmitter is located at Chanea, 35.53°N 24.07°E and the receiver is located at Iraklion, 35.31°N 25.01°E, 100 km apart. The transmitter is 1 kW CW on 50.521000. The antennas are aimed at a point 105 km above 36.7°N 24.7°E where (presumably) FAS (field-aligned-scatter) geometry is satisfied. The antenna array consists of four 11 el Yagis on 2.5 wavelength booms spaced 8m apart, resulting in 18 dB gain and horizontal beamwidth of 8°. The antennas are tilted up 30° and have a vertical beamwidth of approx. 35°.

The experiment is called SESCAT (Sporadic E SCATter experiment), and started mid-February 1992. It has been operated on a several-day campaign basis during Feb, Mar, May, and June 1992. The authors reported Sporadic-E backscatter events with SNRs up to 25 dB and lifetimes of several minutes to greater than one hour, mostly during darkness, a few hours before local midnight and after. Doppler spectra were measured corresponding to moving reflectors with ± 80 m/s and a width of 30-60 m/s. Also, meteor-induced backscatter was observed with abrupt onset and length up to 3 minutes.

The second experiment was reported in JATP (*Journal of Atmospheric & Terrestrial Physics*) March 1994, starting pg 529. This is a 20 kW peak pulse radar on 54.95 MHz near Trivandrum India. A 5 ms interpulse period would indicate a 200 pulses per second. Beamwidths of 3.5° E-W and 10° N-S were indicated as well as nighttime operation. Ed-I can't believe the notes I took on this one were so sparse! And I'm writing this from the boonies!

1994 CQ WW VHF WPX Contest

Three contests that will have 6m activity (as well as other bands) overlap our 50 MHz DX Marathon (June 18-July 18), which we announced in the April Bulletin. They are 1) the 1994 SMIRK Party Contest (June 18 00Z-June 19 24Z [48 hours]), the ARRL Field Day (June 25-26), and the CQ World-Wide VHF WPX Contest (July 9 18Z-July 10 21Z [27 hours]).

Rules may be found in May 1994 *CQ Magazine*, but are summarized here. The objective is to collect VHF and above Maidenhead locator grid squares and prefixes. All authorized amateur radio bands above 50 MHz may be used. There are 8 categories: 1) Single operator fixed station; 2) Multi-op class I fixed station; 3) Multi-op class II fixed station; 4) Single operator portable station; 5) Multi-op class I portable station; 6) Multi-op class II portable station; 7) Rover station; and 8) QRP station (25 watts output or less). A class II station operates on 4 or less bands, while a class II station operates on more than 4. A Rover may be operated by no more than two operators, and must travel to more than one prefix and/or grid square and must sign "Rover" or /R. Contacts from your home QTH cannot be counted as Rover contacts.

The exchange is callsigns and Maidenhead grid square locators (to four digits). Signal reports are optional and need not be included in the log entry. The multiplier is the number of different prefixes worked plus the number of different grid squares worked per band. A Rover can count each prefix and grid square from each new prefix or grid square location; others can count prefixes and grid squares only once per band.

Aeronautical mobile stations are not eligible to compete, but may be worked for prefix credit only. Maritime mobile stations are encouraged and may be eligible for Rover class if they operate from more than one grid square.

One point per QSO on 50, 70, & 144 MHz, 2 points on 222 and 432 MHz, 4 points on 903 & 1296 MHz; 6 points 2.3 GHz and higher. Add one point to the QSO value for CW or MCW contacts. SSB contacts on the calling frequencies of 50.110, 50.125, and 144.200 MHz are discouraged. Stations on the dividing line of a prefix or grid square must choose one, and move the complete contest station at least 100 meters to use another. Also, only one callsign per station.